CPAN® Exam Blueprint: Beginning Spring 2023

• Patients with pre-existing conditions

Anesthesia (Represents 24% of CPAN Exam)		
Knowledge Topics	Testable Tasks	
Anesthesia techniques General Regional	Review patient medical and surgical history, allergies, and medications/supplements	
LocalModerate sedation	Prepare emergency and monitoring equipment Prepare and administer medications postoperatively	
Monitored IV sedation (MAC and TIVA) Anesthetic and reversal agents	Protect patient from injury caused by positioning, thermal sources, and extraneous objects	
Stages of anesthesia	Collaborate with the perianesthesia team	
Anesthesia considerations for special populations Pediatric Pregnant	Manage recovery from anesthesia	
Geriatric	Obtain laboratory specimens	

Physiology (Represents 18% of CPAN Exam)		
Knowledge Topics	Testable Tasks	
Pathophysiology of body systems Physical assessment Physical responses to procedures and anesthesia Potential complications to pre-existing conditions	Conduct physical assessment Take measures to maintain the patient's: respiratory system cardiovascular and peripheral vascular systems neurological system musculoskeletal system gastrointestinal system renal/genitourinary system integumentary system endocrine system hematologic and immune systems otorhinolaryngological system fluid and electrolyte levels acid-base balance temperature	

Perianesthesia Monitoring and Intervention (Represents 35% of CPAN Exam) **Knowledge Topics Testable Tasks** Normal and abnormal diagnostic results Evaluate and manage patient pain and comfort Vital signs and hemodynamic monitoring Evaluate patient sedation level Complications with emergence Recognize and report abnormal findings Abnormal physiological conditions Monitor patient response to: procedures Positioning anesthesia and anesthesia-related medications Injury prevention postoperative medications Thermoregulation Maintain the integrity of the patient's wound and tissue Airway Management Intervene to prevent and address complications related to pre-existing conditions Fluid and electrolyte management Assess, monitor, and maintain patient airway and Infection prevention and control respiratory status Acute and chronic pain management Monitor and maintain lines and drains Alternative and non-pharmacological treatment Administer blood products and fluid resuscitation modalities (e.g., cold therapy, aromatherapy, relaxation Protect the patient from: techniques) adverse environmental influences exposure to infectious diseases Pharmacology, pharmacodynamics, and harm due to immobility and positioning pharmacokinetics Recognize and respond to perianesthesia-specific Interactions and incompatibility with medications or emergencies supplements

Post-operative nausea and vomiting (PONV)

Perianesthesia-specific emergencies

Knowledge Topics	Testable Tasks
Continuum and Transfer of Care	Provide handoff communication across the continuum of care Prepare patient for safe transport across the continuum of care Collaborate with patient, caregivers, and healthcare
 air flow, latex) Psychosocial factors (e.g., coping styles, developmental stage, religion/spirituality, culture) Behavioral health factors (e.g., alcohol, tobacco, substance use, obesity) 	providers to develop and implement multidisciplinary perianesthesia plan of care Protect the patient from harm through the use of protective safety devices and equipment
 Mental health factors (e.g., anxiety, depression, bipolar, PTSD, autism spectrum) 	Evaluate the effectiveness of patient and caregiver education
Patient and family planning and education Day of procedure Discharge instructions Communication principles and techniques	Provide individualized patient and caregiver education and communication (e.g., based on developmental stage, ability to learn, readiness to learn, barriers to learning)
	Provide psychosocial support to patient and caregiver (e.g., coping, spiritual and emotional support, and facilitating visitation)
	Facilitate patient access to appropriate resources and referrals (e.g., medical equipment, pharmaceutical care, spiritual services, nutritional education, physical/occupational therapy, case management/social services, and language services)
	Provide verbal and written patient and caregiver discharge education related to: • medications and pain management • wound and drain care • recovery specific to existing medical conditions and healing processes • signs and symptoms of complications and emergencies • infection prevention • caregiver and transportation availability

Professional Nursing Practice and Guidelines (Represents 9% of CPAN Exam)

Knowledge Topics	Testable Tasks
Multidisciplinary collaboration and referral	Deliver, document, and communicate care based on accepted national standards of perianesthesia nursing
Evidence-based practice	practice and applicable laws, guidelines, and regulations
ACLS guidelines	
PALS guidelines	Collaborate and communicate with the multidisciplinary team to deliver care
Healthcare quality and patient safety principles	Provide and maintain patient privacy and confidentiality
Malignant Hyperthermia Association of the United States (MHAUS) guidelines/protocol	Confidentiality
ASPAN standards	
American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) guidelines	
Regulatory, legal, and ethical guidelines (e.g., Patient Bill of Rights, privacy and confidentiality, advance directives, informed consent, HIPAA, and the Americans with Disabilities Act)	